# Solutions for your environment



## **EuRec® Waste Treatment Technology**

Proposal for Environmentally and Economically Sound Municipal Waste Disposal in Asia

## EuRec®- Concept for Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Disposal

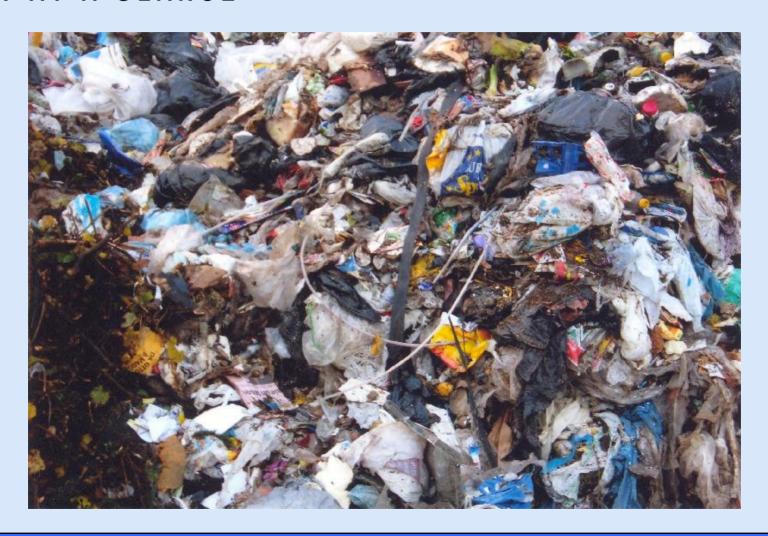
#### TERMS OF REFERENCE

Many big Asian cities create in excess of 10,000 tons per day municipal solid household waste (MSW) incurring severe ecological and economic problems:

- > A high tonnage of untreated MSW has to be collected and disposed daily.
- ➤ Incineration of unsorted MSW is very expensive and causes high air pollution levels.
- ➤ Unsafe dump sites are threatening to poison and contaminate the environment.
- ➤ Generally these dump sites are not adequately sealed and the landfilling occurs in an uncontrolled fashion. Often the groundwater is contaminated by leakage.
- > Self-ignition is almost common, poisoning the air.
- ➤ Uncontrolled gas emissions impair the local area and the atmosphere, pose health risks.
- > Cavities in the dump site body, caused by smouldering fires, are a further source of danger for the static stability of the site and the people who work at it.

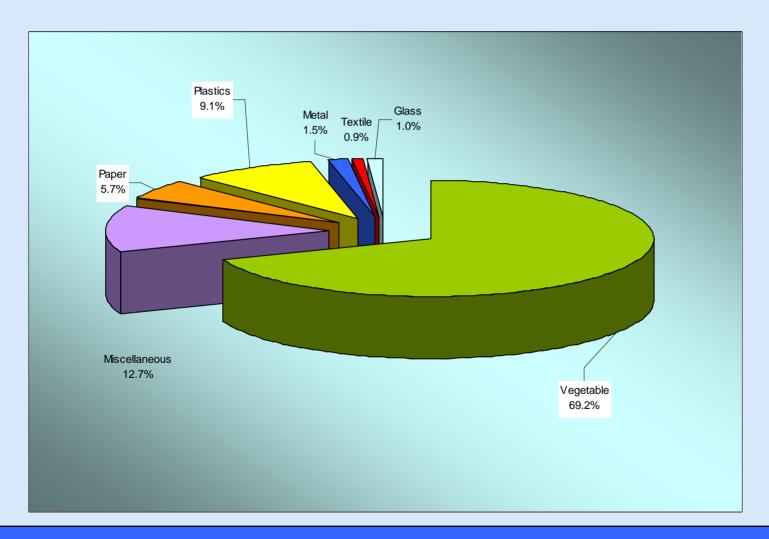
## **EuRec®- Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)**

#### MSW AT A GLANCE



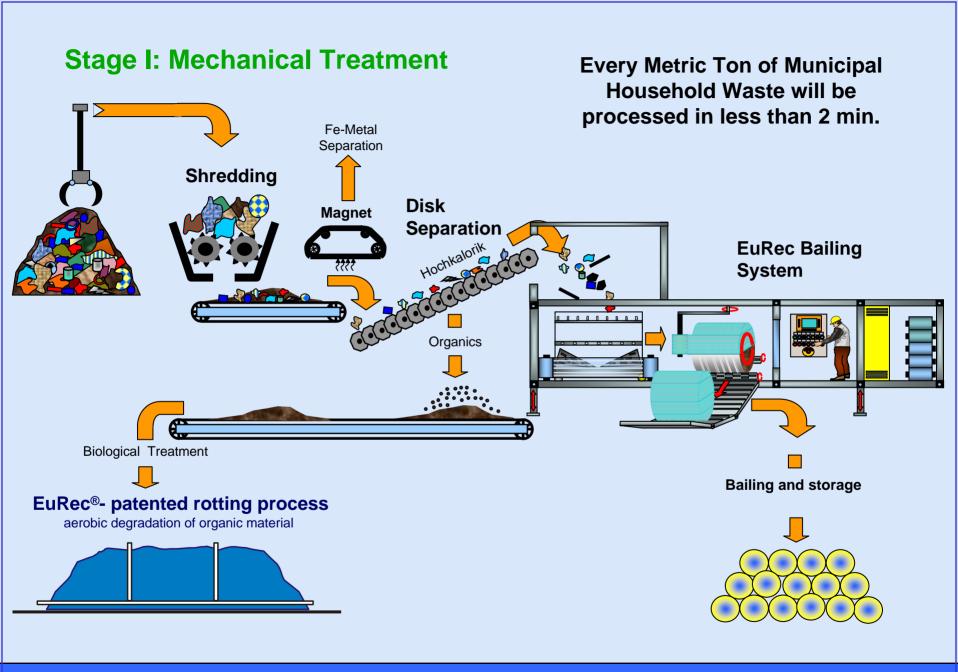
## **EuRec®- Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)**

#### COMPOSITION OF MUNICIPAL WASTE



## The EuRec®- Waste Treatment Program for Asia



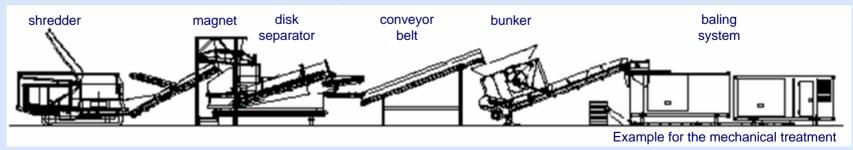


## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Every Waste Disposal Site**

#### **SOLUTION AND BENEFITS**

To improve the environmental situation in an economical manner, EuRec<sup>®</sup> Technology has developed a sustainable waste treatment concept which satisfies the following ultimate goals:

- Improvement of the environmental status quo;
- Reduction of the volume of municipal solid waste which has to be landfilled;
- Reduction of gas emissions;
- Prevention of poisoning leakage water, draining of the landfill;
- Making waste a raw material by separation and packing of high caloric and recyclable fractions for clean incineration, composting and separation of reusable materials (plastics, glass, metal, paper ).



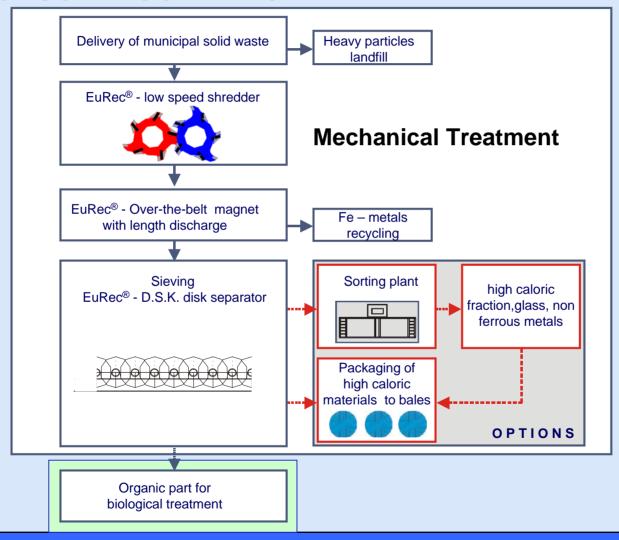
#### **EuRec MSW Treatment System**

**Total Solution for Every Waste Disposal Site** 

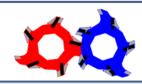
Non-**Material Recycling** Organic and **Energy Recovery** Fraction Mechanical **Treatment MSW** and Separation **Biological** Organic Fraction **Treatment Processing** Input

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for the Disposal Site**

#### PROCESS DESCRIPTION



#### **EuRec®- Mechanical Treatment Device**



## EuRec®-Shredder

Mechanical conditioning of the municipal solid waste for the following treatment stages through the EuRec®-Shredder:

2 shafts, which rotates against each other.

Manual and automatically reversing system.

Different treatment of organic and high caloric fraction.

High endurance through specially hardened steel. Can be changed quick and easy.

Fe-metal recycling through an integrated magnetic device.



#### **EuRec®- Mechanical Treatment Device**

## EuRec®-D.S.K. Disk Separator

For the separation of the organic material a disk separator is necessary. The separator has the following characteristic:

Separation of more than 90 % of the organic material

Residual waste with a high caloric value and low water content

Shredder and disk separator are operating synchronously

Each screen shaft has a hydraulic single drive

Screen disks with a trapeze design for better flow of the materials

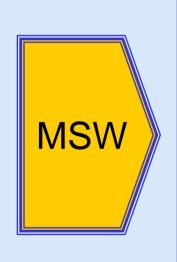
No cleaning stops during operation through a special design of the gab avoiding entanglement of plastics, bands and textiles.



Example separator desk

#### **EuRec MSW Treatment System**

**Total Solution for Every Waste Disposal Site** 



Mechanical Treatment and Separation Non-Organic Fraction

Organic Fraction

Material Recycling and Energy Recovery

Biological Treatment

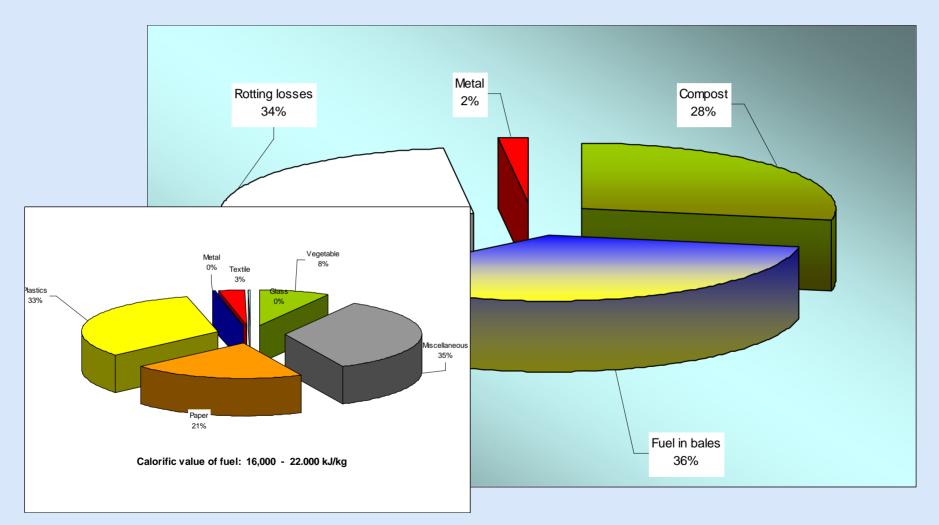
Input

Processing

Intermediate

## **EuRec MSW Treatment System**

#### COMPOSITION OF RECYCLING OUTPUT



## **EuRec®- Intermediate Output**



#### **Additional Fuel from Waste**

The output of the disk separator can be adjusted to the required fuel specifications\*:

#### Fuel specification\*

Water content	24,61	mass-%
Ash	10,73	mass-%
С	38,68	mass-%
Н	4,84	mass-%
N	1,58	mass-%
S	0,40	mass-%
H <sub>0</sub>	17.785,00	kJ/kg
$H_{U}$	16.127,00	kJ/kg
Density	91,00	kg/m³

<sup>\*)</sup> Tested by Fraunhofer Institute and der University of Magdeburg/Deutschland

## **EuRec®- Intermediate Output**



## **Organic Material**

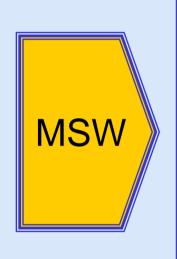
#### The organic output of the disk separator will be conditioned as follows:

- No leakage water losses during shredding and separating processes.
- Starting the biodegradation process:
- ⇒ Enrichment with aerobic, thermophile bacteria,
- □ Integration of organic material in a windrow for initiating aerobic rotting process:
  - a) dry, naturally closed base;
  - b) storage layer of dry, biologically stabilised waste > # 40 mm,
  - c) fresh domestic waste WG > 70 %;
  - d) upper layer of biologically stabilised waste > #
     40 mm, effective as biological filter and as insulating and condensing layer.



#### **EuRec MSW Treatment System**

**Total Solution for Every Waste Disposal Site** 



Mechanical
Treatment
and
Separation

Non-Organic Fraction

> Organic Fraction

Material Recycling and Energy Recovery

Biological Treatment

Input

Processing

Intermediate

**Products** 

## **EuRec®- Raw Material Recycling**

## **EuRec®-Sorting Station**

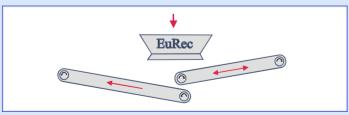
As an option, all recyclable materials can be sorted out manually and

subsequently be sold to wholesalers.

With the sorting station, glass, stones, plastic materials, paper and non ferrous metals can be sorted out manually.

If there is a high total input (>1.000 tons/d) a **buffer bunker** is necessary to distribute the material to two sorting lines.

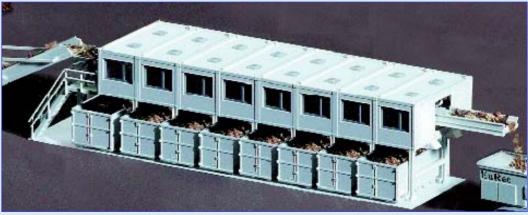
In this way the proposed option with two parallel **sorting lines** ensures that the recyclable fractions can be sorted out optimally with **high efficiency**.



Principle of the EuRec®-dosage Bunker







Example EuRec®-Sorting Station

## **EuRec®- Recycling for Energy Recovery**



## **EuRec<sup>®</sup>- Round Bailing System**

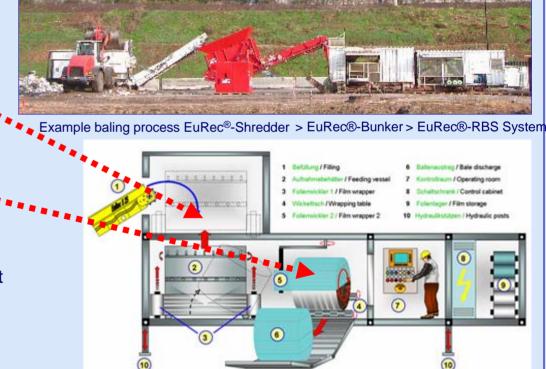
The screen output from the disk separator will be sealed into bales. The baling system works after the following principles:

**BUNKER:** For the steady baling process the material has to be transported to a bunker system, working as a buffer.

**PRESS:** Packs solid waste and minimises air content which decreases internal chemical reactions.

**WRAPPING SYSTEM** wraps bales in waterproof plastic film to allow long term waste storage without foul smelling leakage, gas formation or fermentation.

**BALES:** Compact bales are easy to transport and maximise storage space.



Example Principles of the EuRec®-RBS-2 Round Baling System

## EuRec®- Clean MSW Disposal Site

#### BENEFITS OF MECHANICAL TREATMENT

**Decomposition** of the municipal solid waste.

**Separation** of the organic substances for the biological treatment.

Reduction of the absolute quantity of waste which has to be land filled through recycling and biological rotting processes.

**Separation** and **packing** of recyclable materials and high caloric substances (bales).

After baling there are alternative possibilities to commercially use the bales.

Delivery as **fuel** to **waste-to-energy-plants**, **cement-industry**, **brick works**, **power stations**, **steel mills and blast-furnaces**.

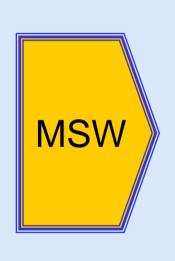
Use for landfill and as **replacement of soil** at **road construction** and landscaping.



Example bale storage in Italy

## **EuRec MSW Treatment System**

**Biological Treatment** 



Mechanical Treatment and Separation Non-Organic Fraction

Material Recycling and Energy Recovery

Organic Fraction

Biological Treatment

Input

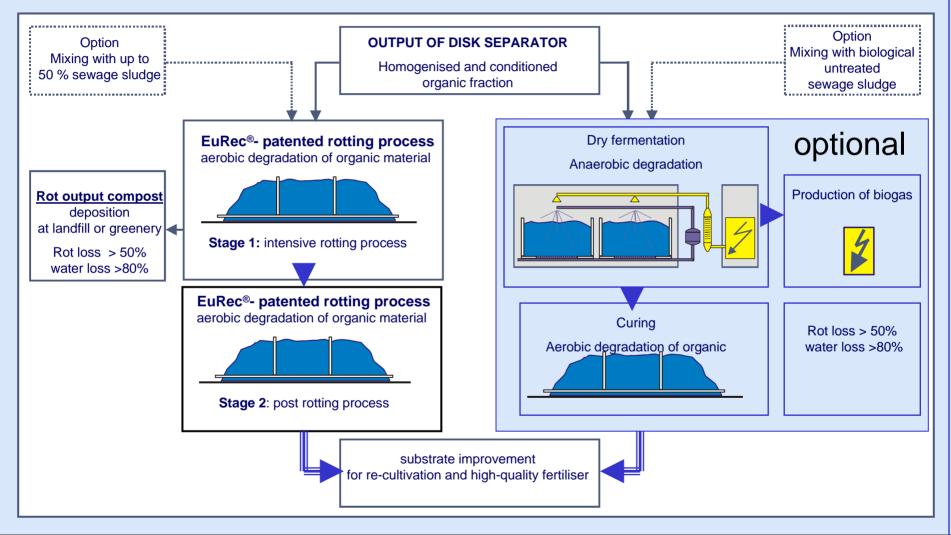
**Processing** 

Intermediate

**Products** 

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for the Disposal Site**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT



## **EuRec®- Patented Rotting Process**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

#### **Objectives of the EuRec®- rotting process:**

High operating safety and operational simplicity with proven aeration system.

The system is **adaptable to variations** of input composition.

There are **no specific requirements** for the **location** of the biological treatment unit.

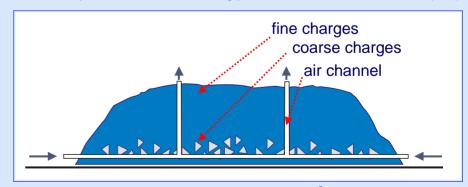
Once deposited, the material does not require turning over, due to active air ventilation.

Because of the systems design, **odour emissions** are very limited.

Low capex invest and operational costs.



Example EuRec®-aerobe rotting process for 1.000 tons/d Tehran (Iran)

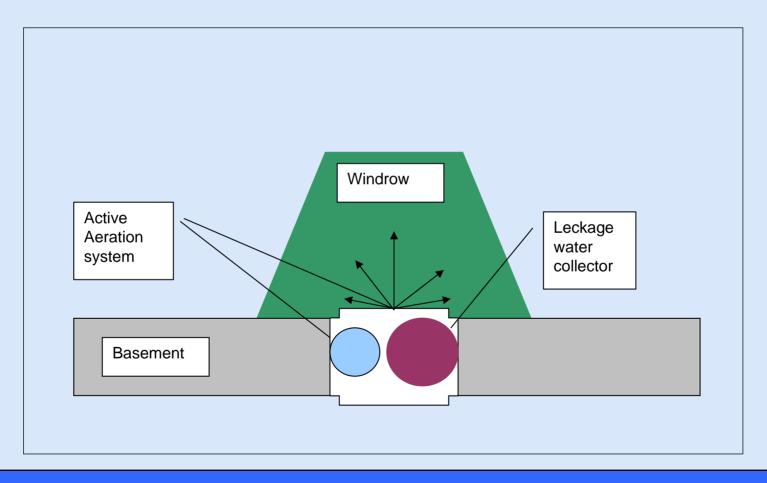


Layout of an EuRec®-aerobe rotting process

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Waste**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

The new design of an active aeration system



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Waste**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

Typical Air Supply System for Aerobic Rotting Process



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Waste**

BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

The biological aspects of an aerobic rotting process are:

Reduction of the reactive potential of organic substances.

Reduction of the volume and quantity of material which has to be deposited.

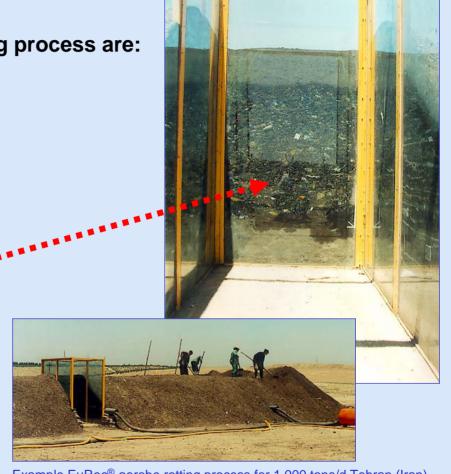
Reduction of leakage water and leakage concentrations.

#### **Benefits** of the **biological treatment** are:

Reduction of toxic gas emissions and pollution at landfills;

Reduction of methane gas emissions are kept to a bare minimum;

Almost no odour emissions by smell.

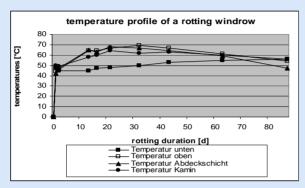


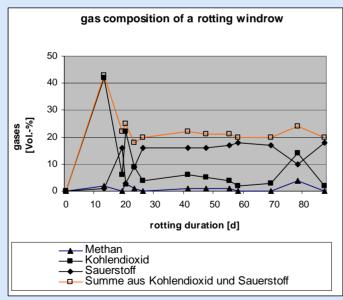
Example EuRec®-aerobe rotting process for 1.000 tons/d Tehran (Iran)

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Material**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

Fast settingin of the aerobic rotting process







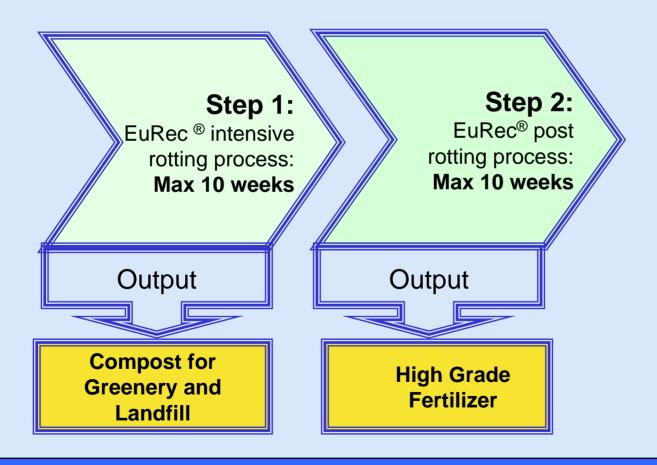
## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Material BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT**

Rotting Windrop in Factory



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Compost and Fertilizer BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT**

Depending on time and process steps different products come out.



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Material**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

Step 1: Compost Before Sieving & Screening



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Organic Material**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

Step 2: High Grade Fertilizer After Sieving & Screening



#### EuRec®- Fertilizer

#### **Production of High-grade Fertilizer**

Compost is the better alternative compared to the general mineral fertilization. (University of Bremen, 1998 – 2000 Germany)

#### **Chemical Analysis:** ■ Podsol ■ Parabraunerde N total Nitrogen in % 0,69 % P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> total Phosphat in % 0,51 % seed yield (dt/ha, 86 % TS) K<sub>2</sub>O Gesamtkalium in % 0,81 % Organic substance in % 17,1 % Zn total zinc in % 0.01 % 60 m<sup>3</sup> (40 mm) Without Chemical 30 m3 (20 mm) 30 m3 (40 mm) fertilizer fertilizer

Yields of grain maize due to fertilising with compost from 1998 till 2000

Types of compost

#### **EuRec®- Fertilizer**

#### A GLANCE OF HIGH GRADE FERTILIZER



## EuRec®-Composting Plant Schwaebisch Hall

Results of test plantations of vegetable on fully mineralized compost.

Concentration of heavy metals were substantially below the the limits regulated by law.

Tests have been run by Umweltschutz Institut Stuttgart GmbH

Test no.	983576-1	Tested windrow	On top	
Description of test	Tomatoes			
Specification of test	Fresh-picked vegetable			
Sampling	Aug 20, 1998			
Testing period				
Parameter	Unit	Result	Method of investigation	
Aqua regia dissolving	0		DIN ISO 11466	
Lead	mg/kg	< 0,01	EN ISO 11885	
Cadmium	mg/kg	0,007	EN ISO 11885	
Chrome	mg/kg	< 0,01	EN ISO 11885	
Copper	mg/kg	0,11	EN ISO 11885	
Nickel	mg/kg	< 0,01	EN ISO 11885	
Mercury	mg/kg	< 0,002	DIN EN 1483 (amalgam	
			eng'ring)	
Zinc	mg/kg	0,86	EN ISO 11885	

Test no.	983576-2	Tested windrow	bottom	
Description of test	Tomatoes			
Specification of test	Fresh-picked vegetable			
Sampling	Aug 20, 1998			
Testing period	Aug 21, 98 – Sep 4, 98			
Parameter	Unit	Results	Method of investigation	
Aqua regia dissolving			DIN ISO 11466	
Lead	mg/kg	< 0,01	EN ISO 11885	
Cadmium	mg/kg	0,020	EN ISO 11885	
Chrome	mg/kg	< 0,01	EN ISO 11885	
Copper	mg/kg	0,08	EN ISO 11885	

#### **EuRec®- Treatment References**

#### TEST REPORT

Vegetable grown on fully mineralized compost

Parameter		Grenzwert BGA	Netzmelone	Wassermelone	Honigmelonen	Zucchini	Kürbis	Tomaten
			n	n				
Trockensubsta	%		9,1	9,8	11,1	5,9	26,1	8,6
nz								
Quecksilber	mg/kg OP	0,05	0,014	< 0,0001	0,0024	0,0006	0,0052	0,0032
Cadmium	mg/kg OP	0,10	0,0027	0,0019	0,0055	0,0024	0,0078	0,0051
Blei	mg/kg OP	0,25	0,018	0,019	0,011	0,012	0,052	0,017
Summe PCB								
28	mg/kg TS		nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
52	mg/kg TS		nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
101	mg/kg TS		nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
138	mg/kg TS		nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
153	mg/kg TS		nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
180			nn	nn	nn	nn	nn	nn
OP =								
Originalprobe								

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept References SELECTED REFERENCE PROJECTS**

Germany: Schwäbisch Hall

Italy: Belluno - Trento

Iran: Teheran

**USA: NN** 

## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Schwäbisch Hall**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

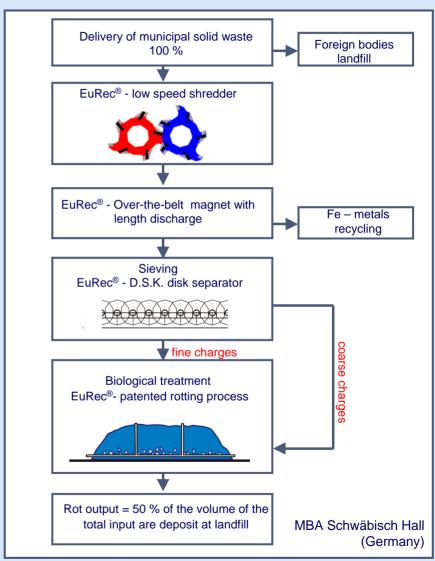
Exemplary reduction of waste material at the example of Schwäbisch Hall (Germany)

In Schwäbisch Hall the municipal solid waste contains about 30 % organic material.

After the treatment all of the material is deposited on low cost / low security landfill.

**Because** of the treatment there is a **reduction** of the **space volume** of **about 50 %**.

If the **content** of organic material is **higher** than 30 % than **the reduction** can increase even further.



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept for Schwäbisch Hall**

#### BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT

The realisation of the treatment concept provides a long-term secure and

economic solution.

Recyclable fractions can be sold to wholesalers, generating income.

The produced bales can be stored at the landfill without any influences for the environment until there is the possibility to use this material for thermal recycling. Will lead to additional commercial income.

After the treatment the degraded **organic** substances can be deposited on simple **landfills without elaborate environmental provisions**.

If the **treatment method** is adequately **adapted** to the situation on site it is also possible to produce **substrate for recultivation** and **high-quality fertiliser** in a second step.



Example Bale storage in Italy



Example MBA Schwäbisch Hall (Germany)

#### PROCESSING OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE IN TEHRAN / IRAN

Pre- and Fine Sorting and Mechanical Separation of the Organic Fraction out of the Municipal Solid Waste



#### PROCESSING OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE IN TEHRAN / IRAN

## **Set Up of the Graduated Windrows**



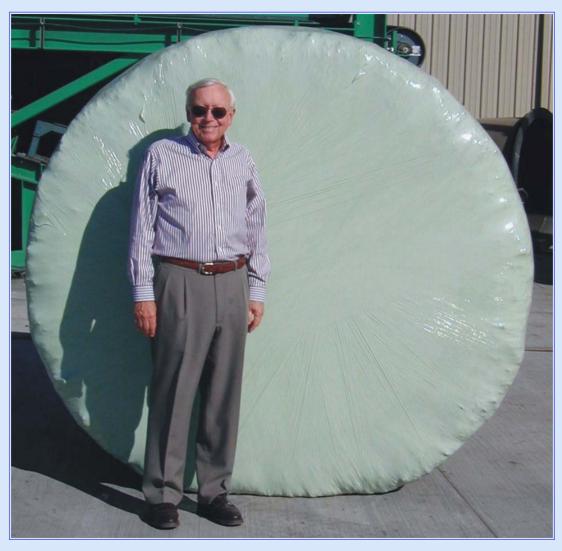
## RPP-MEGA BALER AND EuRec SHREDDER S 45.10 E LOCATED IN THE USA



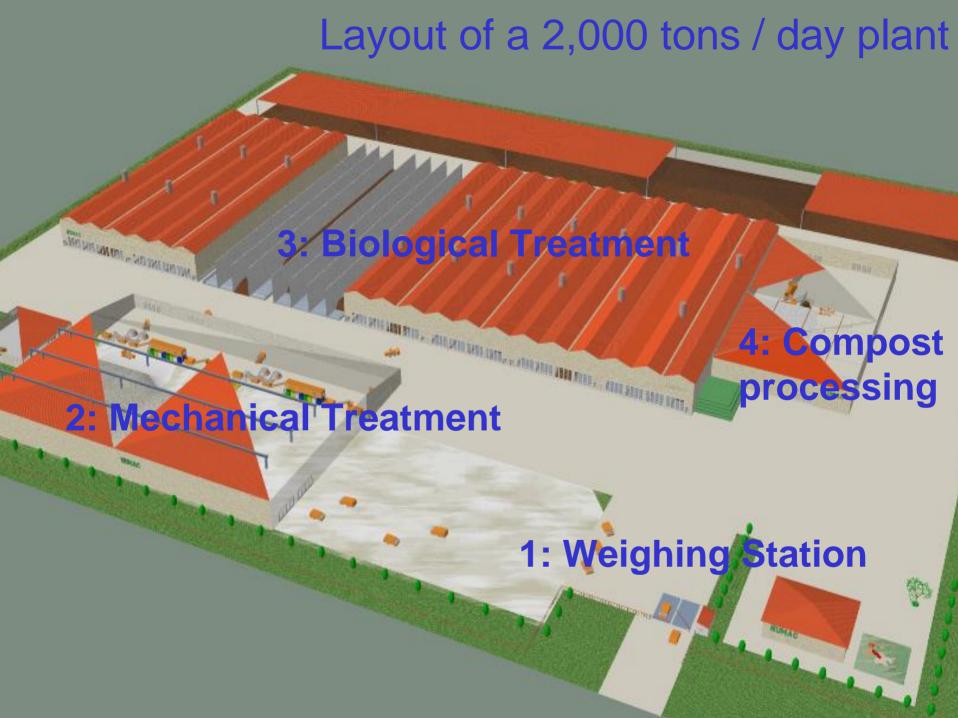
**RPP – Mega Baler Made in USA** 

**EuRec- Shredder S 45.10** 

## **RPP-MEGA BALER LOCATED IN THE USA**



With the Mega Baler Pressed and Packed Municipal Solid Waste



# **EuRec®- Treatment Concept Layout**WEIGHTING OF INCOMING MSW



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept Layout**

TYPICAL MSW TREATMENT PLANT: MSW INLET, AUTO DOORS



## **EuRec®- Treatment Concept Layout**

## DISCHARGE OF MSW TO EUREC MSW TREATMENT PLANT



## EuRec®- Recycling System OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL PROCESSES

## PLASTIC RECYCLING

## **EuRec®- TLT Separation of Plastic Material Mixtures**

#### SPECIAL QUALIFICATIONS

99,9 % separation efficiency for plastic materials which have a density difference of > 0,032 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

**Pure separation** independent from size and form of the material.

High processing and separation speed.

Economic superiority through **low capex investment** and **low electrical energy consumption**.

**Operational safety** through usage of a solid technology with lasting aggregates and few rotating parts, minimizing shutdowns.

Easy to operate due to **PLC-control system**.

Low ground-noise level.

An **integration into existing treatment plants** is possible without any problems.



The Pilot Plant in Merkers

## **EuRec®- TLT Separation of Plastic Material Mixtures**

#### THE INPUT MATERIALS

Thin plastic films and sheets with a particle size of up to 40 mm can be processed.

Throughput: > 1,5 tons/h



Plastic Material Film

If **rigid plastic materials** are separated, particle sizes up to **20 mm** can be treated with this system.

Throughput: > 4,0 tons/h



Rigid Plastic Materials

## **Waste Is A Serious Business!**

## MSW TREATMENT PLANT RETURN-ON-INVESTMENT (ROI) STUDY

#### **Plant Data**

Capacity	100 mt / h				
Capex					
- Production Equipment	RM 84,650,000				
- Facilities & Infrastructure	RM 34,582,000				
- Professional Fees (5%)	RM 5,961,600				
- EIA and SIA	RM 1,000,000				
Total Capex	RM 126,193,600				

#### **Financial Data**

Discounted Interest Rate	6 %
Depreciation	10 years
Equity	20 %
Loan	RM 100,954,880
Loan repayment	10 years
Interest Loan	6 %
Tax Rate	0 %

#### **Production Data**

60 %			
2.1 %			
1.5 %			
0.359			
0.2439			
RM 41			

#### **Marketing Data**

Tipping Fee	RM 42/mt					
Sales Price						
- High Caloric Fraction	RM 60 / mt					
- Organic Fertilizer	RM 110 / mt					
- Ferrous Metal	RM 800 / mt					
- Glass	RM 200 / mt					

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT

## Internal rate of return = 21.67%; Payback = 4.39 yrs

Year		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Capacity	[mt / year]		468,000	468,000	491,400	515,970	541,769	568,857	597,300	627,165	658,523	691,449
Products												
High caloric Fraction	[mt / year]		168,012	168,012	176,413	185,233	194,495	204,220	214,431	225,152	236,410	248,230
Organic Fertilizer	[mt / year]		114,145	114,145	119,852	125,845	132,137	138,744	145,681	152,965	160,614	168,644
Ferrous Metal	[mt / year]		9,828	9,828	10,319	10,835	11,377	11,946	12,543	13,170	13,829	14,520
Glass	[mt / year]		7,020	7,020	7,371	7,740	8,127	8,533	8,959	9,407	9,878	10,372
Revenue												
Tipping Fee	[RM / year]		19,656,000	19,656,000	20,638,800	21,670,740	22,754,277	23,891,991	25,086,590	26,340,920	27,657,966	29,040,864
High caloric Fraction	[RM / year]		10,080,720	10,080,720	10,584,756	11,113,994	11,669,693	12,253,178	12,865,837	13,509,129	14,184,585	14,893,815
Organic Fertilizer	[RM / year]		12,555,972	12,555,972	13,183,771	13,842,959	14,535,107	15,261,862	16,024,956	16,826,203	17,667,514	18,550,889
Ferrous Metal	[RM / year]		7,862,400	7,862,400	8,255,520	8,668,296	9,101,711	9,556,796	10,034,636	10,536,368	11,063,186	11,616,346
Glass	[RM / year]		1,404,000	1,404,000	1,474,200	1,547,910	1,625,306	1,706,571	1,791,899	1,881,494	1,975,569	2,074,347
Net Revenue			51,559,092	51,559,092	54,137,047	56,843,899	59,686,094	62,670,399	65,803,918	69,094,114	72,548,820	76,176,261
Variable Cost												
Operating Cost	[RM / year]		-19,188,000	-19,188,000	-20,147,400	-21,154,770	-22,212,509	-23,323,134	-24,489,291	-25,713,755	-26,999,443	-28,349,415
Total Variable Cost	[RM]		-19,188,000	-19,188,000	-20,147,400	-21,154,770	-22,212,509	-23,323,134	-24,489,291	-25,713,755	-26,999,443	-28,349,415
Fix Cost												
Miscellaneous	[RM / year]		-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000
Total Fix Cost	[RM / year]		-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000	-200,000
Operating Expenses	[RM / year]		-19,388,000	-19,388,000	-20,347,400	-21,354,770	-22,412,509	-23,523,134	-24,689,291	-25,913,755	-27,199,443	-28,549,415
EBITDA	[RM / year]		32,171,092	32,171,092	33,789,647	35,489,129	37,273,585	39,147,265	41,114,628	43,180,359	45,349,377	47,626,846
Depreciation	[RM / year]		-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360	-12,619,360
Amortisation	[RM / year]		-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488	-10,095,488
EBIT	[RM / year]		19,551,732	19,551,732	21,170,287	22,869,769	24,654,225	26,527,905	28,495,268	30,560,999	32,730,017	35,007,486
Interest	[RM / year]		-6,057,293	-5,451,564	-4,845,834	-4,240,105	-3,634,376	-3,028,646	-2,422,917	-1,817,188	-1,211,459	-605,729
EBT	[RM / year]		13,494,439	14,100,168	16,324,452	18,629,664	21,019,850	23,499,258	26,072,351	28,743,811	31,518,559	34,401,757
Tax	[RM / year]		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Profit	[RM / year]		13,494,439	14,100,168	16,324,452	18,629,664	21,019,850	23,499,258	26,072,351	28,743,811	31,518,559	34,401,757
Net Cash Flow	[RM / year]	-126,193,600	26,113,799	26,719,528	28,943,812	31,249,024	33,639,210	36,118,618	38,691,711	41,363,171	44,137,919	47,021,117
Cum Net Cash Flow	[RM]		-100,079,801	-73,360,272	-44,416,460	-13,167,436	20,471,774	56,590,392	95,282,103	136,645,274	180,783,193	227,804,310
Disc Cash Flow	[RM / year]	-126,193,600	26,098,140	26,687,494	28,891,776	31,174,139	33,538,473	35,988,864	38,529,595	41,165,163	43,900,287	46,739,919
Cum Disc Cash Flow	[RM / year]		-100,095,460	-73,407,966	-44,516,190	-13,342,051	20,196,422	56,185,286	94,714,881	135,880,044	179,780,332	226,520,250
Loan	[RM]	100,954,880	90,859,392	80,763,904	70,668,416	60,572,928	50,477,440	40,381,952	30,286,464	20,190,976	10,095,488	0

**EuRec<sup>®</sup> Technology for Municipal Solid Waste Disposal** 

## The EuRec®- Program

#### CONTACT

#### For further information please contact:

#### **Numac Machinery Sdn Bhd**

40 & 42 Jalan Petaling Utama 3

**Jalan Klang Lama** 

46000 Petaling Jaya

**Selangor** 

Tel: 03-77838188

Email: mail@numac.com.my

www.numac.com.my





## Thank you for your attention!!!