20th Earoph World Congress & Mayor's Caucus

Research Paper

"Building & infrastructure design To improve thermal comfort" by Mazlin Ghazali, Architect M.Ghazali &

Mohd Peter Davis, Universiti Putra Malaysia

Case Study: Malaysia

1. Practical solution to Indoor heat stress Combine Cool Roof, wall shading plus thermal mass night time ventilation 2. Proposed HONEYCOMB solution to **Urban Heat Island** reintroduce trees less roads more parks large savings for Developers **3. MEASURING CONSUMER ACCEPTANCE**





Figure 4 Temperature gradient in a terrace house at 3pm on a very hot day





Figure 5 Roof space temperature in terrace house compared to renovation with Cool Roof



Figure 6 Thermal discomfort in terrace house versus renovation with cool roof



80% reduction in Thermal Discomfort



Figure 2 The Malaysian weather year expressed in human thermal discomfort



MALAYSIAN REFERENCE WEATHER YEAR¹

¹Reference G Reimann, M.P.Davis, A.Zain Ahmed (2000). Workshop Environment Friendly Township for Developing Countries,

Universiti Putra Mlaysia, Serdang, Selangor, 31 January.

²Assuming 28⁰C Upper Thermal Comfort Level Reference: Mohd Peter Davis, S. Shanmugavelu, Nurizan Yahaya & Nor Azian Nordin (2000). Construction Industry R&D Achievement Seminar. The Mines, Sri Kembangan, 12 September

MASTER BEDROOM Hottest day (8 March)



Figure 7 Computer simulated maximum temperatures on hottest day of year



Figure 8 Computer simulated min/max temperatures of 5 storey apartments



100% reduction in thermal discomfort

Summary of Cool House Technology Solves hot house problem

- without air-conditioning
- at no extra building cost
- commercial designs from Arkitek M. Ghazali
- Ready for adoption by Developers

If Malaysia adopts

this Cool House technology will save the country **RM 200 BILLION** in electricity over 30 years

HEAT ISLAND GROUP Website



Figure 1 Average yearly temperature in Kuala Lumpur, 1975 to 1995



Problem: 'Heat Island Effect' Many cities are getting hotter by 0.1°C to 0.6°C per decade

- Baltimore USA 0.1°C per decade
- Shanghai China 0.1
- Oakland USA 0.2
- Tokyo Japan 0.3
- Los Angeles USA 0.4
- Kuala Lumpur 0.6

Conclusion: KL holds the world record !

 Table 1 Thermal discomfort- outdoor versus indoors in a range of houses

Thermal Discomfort

during Feb 1998 heat-wave

Discomfort units

per 24 hours

	per 2 / //ee	<i></i>
Outdoors (under a tree)	30	
Single Storey link- Serdang	94	
Long house- Balakong	72	
Double Storey link- Balakong	70	
5 Storey Flats (Top Floor)- Serdang	70	
d/s bungalow- Bangi	47	

Honeycomb[®] Housing Inventor: Malaysian Architect Mazlin Ghazali



THERMAL COMFORT HONEYCOMB HOUSING

THE AFFORDABLE ALTERNATIVE TO TERRACE HOUSING





MOHD PETER DAVIS MAZLIN GHAZALI NOR AZIAN NORDIN

UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

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288 units low medium cost terrace houses on 20.7 acres

	Terrace	Honeycomb
Road	46%	33.5%
Saleable land	43%	55%
Green area	11.1%	11.1%
Number of units per acre	14.4 units	15 units
Average lot size	1300sf	1609sf
Potential Tree Shade	15%	46%

246 units low medium cost honeycomb houses on 16.4 acres

Figure 11 Comparison between theoretically efficient terrace house layout versus honeycomb layout

- The road shoulder with its cables and pipes are not suitable for trees: but big shady species can thrive in the small communal gardens of Honeycomb Housing
- The clearing of trees to create concrete jungles are the main contribution to the heat-island effect
- Roofing the house with thick insulation and shading the external hard landscape and roads maximizing the tree canopy area is a strategy, pioneered by UPM, used in Honeycomb Housing
- Evaporation from leaves will further cool the external environment

FROM HEAT-ISLANDS TO COOL OASIS





TERRACE Housing versus HONEYCOMB Housing

Infrastructure Cost Analysis



	Saleable Land (acres)	Road Reserve (acres)	Green (acres)	Amenities (acres)	Units
Original Built Option	23.21	14.42	7.46	8.01	304
Honeycomb	23.92	13.56	7.76	8.01	328
Increase/(decrease)	0.71	(0.86)	0.3	0	24
% Increase/(decrease)	3.1%	(6%)	4%	0%	7.9%

Figure 22 Comparison of Acreage, Units and Density Proposed Housing Development At Mukim Semenyih, Ulu Langat District, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia

Comparison of the Quantity of Water Reticulation System





Comparison of the Quantity of Road and Drainage System



TABL	E 29												
COM	PARISON OF COST SAVIN	ig for infra	STRUCTUR	ral wor	KS								
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	(A) ORIGINAL I (TERRACE HOUS	PROPOSAL E SYSTEM)	RATE (RM)	TOTAL RM	(B) AMG PRO (HONEYCOMB	OPOSAL SYSTEM)	RATE (RM)	TOTAL RM	SAVING SYSTEI	ОF Л	RATE (RM)	TOTAL RM
	SEWERAGE SYSTEM												
1	225mmø VCP PIPE	3628.50	m	112	406,392	3084.10	m	112	345,419	544.40	m	112	60,973
2	300mmø VCP PIPE	207.00	m	243	50,301	131.00	m	243	31,833	76.00	m	243	18,468
3	nos. of manhole	83.00	Nos.	2,500	207,500	64.00	Nos.	2,500	160,000	19.00	Nos.	2,500	47,500
			Sub Total		664,193			Sub Total	537,252			Sub Total	126,941
	ROAD & DRAINAGE												
1	0.6m DRAIN WIDE	7414.00	m	150	1,112,100	6690.00	m	150	1,003,500	724.00	m	150	108,600
2	0.9m DRAIN WIDE	186.00	m	200	37,200	292.00	m	200	58,400	-106.00	m	200	(21,200)
3	1.2m DRAIN WIDE	389.00	m	250	97,250	165.00	m	250	41,250	224.00	m	250	56,000
4	1.2 X 0.6m BOX CULV.	176.00	m	600	105,600	132.00	m	600	79,200	44.00	m	600	26,400
5	1.2 X 0.9m BOX CULV. (BC1)	41.00	m	700	28,700	40.00	m	700	28,000	1.00	m	700	700
6	1.8 X 1.2m BOX CULV.	35.00	m	1,000	35,000	24.00	m	1,000	24,000	11.00	m	1,000	11,000
7	PREMIX ACCESS ROAD	28798.94	m2	48	1,382,349	26667.67	m2	48	1,280,048	2131.27	m	48	102,301
			Sub Total		2,798,199			Sub Total	2,514,398			Sub Total	283,801
	WATER RETICULATION												
1	150mmø UPVC PIPE	3291.43	m	35	115,200	2489.58	m	35	87,135	801.85	m	35	28,065
2	200mmø UPVC PIPE	1181.02	m	62	73,223	1097.19	m	62	68,026	83.83	m	62	5,197
3	150mmø MS PIPE	292.40	m	105	30,702	473.70	m	105	49,739	-181.30	m	105	(19,037)
4	200mmø MS PIPE	59.17	m	120	7,101	156.82	m	120	18,818	-97.65	m	120	(11,718)
			Sub Total		226,226			Sub Total	223,718			Sub Total	2,508
			GRAND TO	DTAL	3,688,618	<u> </u>	GRAND	TOTAL	3,275,368		GRA	ND TOTAL	413,250
	No of Units				304				328				
	Cost per Unit				12,134				9,986				2,148
					12,134				9,900				

Saving infrastructure cost with Honeycomb

	TOTAL N	IO OF	COST
	<u>Cost Units</u>	Units	<u>per unit</u>
TERRACE as built	RM3,689m	304	RM12,133

HONEYCOMB Option RM3,275 328 RM 9,986

BOTTOM LINE FOR DEVELOPER 18% SAVINGS PER DWELLING

HONEYCOMB THERMAL COMFORT HOUSING **IS FEASIBLE Economically** and **Technically** BUT Is it acceptable to House buyers ??

Survey Strategy

Preference survey in predominantly Chinese area (Taman Johor Jaya) 150 randomly selected Households Short questionnaire

Choose between:-

- 1. RM220,000 commercial Terrace house
- 2. RM220,000 concept Honeycomb house



Johor Jaya Township (8830 Residential Houses) 150 Households were randomly selected for the housing survey.

Random Sampling Technique

'Stratified sampling'

- 1. Map of Johor Jaya divided into 8 areas
- 2. 3 Areas randomly selected
- 3. 10 roads in each area randomly selected
- 4. 5 Houses per road randomly selected

150 houses letterboxed UPM Letter + colour brochures

HONEYCOMB HOUSE HONEYCOMB LAYOUT

TERRACE HOUSE TERRACE HOUSE LAYOUT



HONEYCOMB HOUSE PRICE : RM 220,000



	HONEYCOMB HOUSE	TERRACE HOUSE
LAND AREA	1,778 sq.ft.	1,430 sq.ft
BUILT UP AREA	2.026 sq.ft.	2.277 sq.ft
GROUND FLOOR	SQ.FL	SQ.FL
LMING/DINING	411.2	400
BEDROOM 4	128.2	80
DRY/WET KITCHEN	185.1	242.5
BATH 3	56.0	18.73
YARD	133.5	25.3
UPPER FLOOR		
MASTER BED	231.4	280
BEDROOM 2	166.8	194.3
BEDROOM 3	130.2	110.3
PAMILY PATH 1	127.0	115.4
RATH 2	45.2	40./
STAIPCASE	59.7	50.0
BALCONY	122.7	129.2





	HOUSE	HOUSE
LAND AKEA	1,778 sq.ft.	1,430 sq.ff.
BUILT UP AREA	2,026 sq.ft.	2,277 sq.ft.
GROUND FLOOR	SQ.FT.	SQ.FI.
LIVING/DINING BEDROOM 4 DRY/WET KITCHEN BATH 3 CAR PORCH YARD	411.2 128.2 185.1 56.0 133.5	400 80 242.5 18.73 145 25.3
UPPER FLOOR		
MASTER BED BEDROOM 2 BEDROOM 3 FAMILY BATH 1 BATH 2 STAIRCASE BALCONY	231,4 166.8 130.2 127.0 45.2 56.0 59.7 122.7	280 194.3 110.3 115.4 45.7 51.7 50.0 129.2
	Bat	edroom
	Fant	

HONEYCOMB HOUSE

TERRACE HOUSE









HONEYCOMB HOUSE PRICE : RM 220,000











Consumer Preference Test Terrace versus Honeycomb House Both houses:- RM220,000, 4 bedrooms 3 bathrooms 2 car porches **TERRACE HONEYCOMB Built-up** area 2277sf 2026sf Land area 1430sf 1778sf

Honeycomb house 11% less built-up area 24% more land



Consumer Preference Test

		TERRACE	HONEYCOME
•	All Races	34%	66%
	Chinese	44%	56%
•	Malays	16%	84%
•	Indians	42%	58%

56% of Chinese respondents & two thirds overall preferred HONEYCOMB house

Calculation of Potential HONEYCOMB Customers amongst Johor Jaya's 8830 households

	% of	number of	% Honeycomb	Number of
Po	oulation	Households	Customers	Customers
CHINESE	58%	5121	6.9%	352
MALAYS	33%	2914	12.5%	364
INDIANS	8%	706	41.7%	<u>294</u>
TOTAL	99%	8741	11.4%	1010

UPM Summary Johor Jaya Random Household Survey

Survey Period 24-26 March 2006

- 1. Feng Sui beliefs will not prevent most Chinese buying the RM220,00 Honeycomb house
- Preference Test: 66% Honeycomb house
 34% Terrace house
- Johor Jaya (8830 households)
 1010 HONEYCOMB Potential buyers
 299 TERRACE Potential buyers

Latest Survey 24-28 July 2006 KUANTAN



Survey of 513 Kuantan Respondents (73% Government Servants)

24 TIMES MORE **POTENTIAL BUYERS** for Honeycomb houses (308) compared with equivalent terrace houses (13) CONCLUSION **Overwhelming preference for Honeycomb Housing**